- * Domestic structure for IR an independent, intervening, sometimes irrelevant variable
- * For comparativists, structure may be an explanatory variable
- 1. To use structure to explain foreign policy, must explain how structure is 1st derived from international system
- 2. Literature is apolitical stresses features which constrain policy regardless of interests or political orientation
- 3. Literature assumes break w/ past present character of interaction in new category of analysis
- * Impact of international system on domestic politics
- 1. International economy
- * Political development shaped by war and trade (and sometimes ideas)
- * Outcomes include regime type, coalition type properties most often used as variables in explanation of foreign policy
- * Gerschenkron democracy, fascism, communism successive modes of modernization political outcomes strongly affected by character of world economy at attempt to industrialize
- * Dependency non-repeatable nature of development center determines options of periphery development of capitalism formed core/semi-periphery/periphery (Wallerstein) can't understand states disaggregated from the world system
- * Liberal Development apolitical markets good for everyone no obstacles to parity, all trajectories similar
- * Transnational Actors critique of realist state-centrism complex interdependence alters domestic structures
- * Neomercantilist/Marxist interdependence from state policy capitalism sometimes needs counter-class saviors different views of the ends of the state
- 2. International State System
- * Primacy of security states fundamentally organize for war (Hintze)
- * Threat of "foreign entanglements" or territorial compensation
- * Domestic Structures and International System
- * What aspects of domestic structure best explain foreign policy?
- * Most arguments focus on process divorced from politics
- * Strong states vs. weak states strong acts on collective interest, weak states are fragmented no explanation for orientation of state policy can't take politics out of equation for some states and not others obscures how politics shape outcomes
- * Institutional structure affects extent to which governing coalition can impose views
- * Why Talk About Interdependence?
- * Does state retain power over transnational actors? Most useful aspect of interdependence is that it works out models based on something other than anarchy
- * International system a cause and consequence of domestic politics
- * External pressures not fully determining
- * No reason to emphasize discontinuity in degree of interdependence